

RESOLUTION NO. 24-1985

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKE FOREST PARK, WASHINGTON AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO SIGN AN INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT WITH KING COUNTY FOR JAIL SERVICES

WHEREAS, the City of Lake Forest Park has an Interlocal Agreement (ILA) with King County for jail services that expires on December 31, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the City of Lake Forest Park wishes to enter into a new ILA with King County to provide the City the option to continue to use King County jail facilities through 2029; and

WHEREAS, the city attorney has reviewed and approved the Agreement as drafted.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the City Council of the City of Lake Forest Park, as follows:

Section 1. AUTHORIZATION. The City Council of the City of Lake Forest Park, Washington, approves and authorizes the Mayor to sign the ILA with King County for jail services in substantially the same form as in Attachment A. Should the King County Council's approval substantially change the terms of the ILA, it will be brought back to the City Council for consideration.

Section 2. CORRECTIONS. The City Clerk is authorized to make necessary corrections to this resolution, including, but not limited to, the correction of scrivener's/clerical errors, references, resolution numbering, section/subsection numbers, and any references thereto.

PASSED BY A MAJORITY VOTE of the members of the Lake Forest Park City Council this 7th day of November, 2024.

APPROVED:

Thomas French
Thomas French (Nov 21, 2024 12:53 PST)

Thomas French
Mayor

ATTEST/AUTHENTICATED:

Matt McLean

Matt McLean, City Clerk

FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK: November 1, 2024
PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL: November 7, 2024
RESOLUTION NO.: 24-1985

Attachment A

Interlocal Agreement Between King County and The City of XXX for Jail Services

THIS AGREEMENT is effective as of January 1, 2025 ("Effective Date"). The Parties to this Agreement are King County, a Washington municipal corporation and legal subdivision of the State of Washington (the "County") and The City of XXX, a Washington municipal corporation (the "City").

WHEREAS, this Agreement is made in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act (RCW Chapter 39.34) and the City and County Jails Act (RCW Chapter 70.48);

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises, payments, covenants and agreements contained in this Agreement, the parties agree as follows:

1. Definitions: Unless the context clearly shows another usage is intended, the following terms shall have these meanings in this Agreement:
 - 1.1 "Agreement" means this Interlocal Agreement by and between King County and the City for Jail Services and any amendments to this Agreement.
 - 1.2 "Booking" means registering, screening and examining persons for confinement in the Jail or assignment to a King County Community Corrections Division (CCD) program; inventorying and safekeeping personal property of such persons; maintaining all computerized records of arrest; performing warrant checks; Jail Health Services (JHS) health screening; and all other activities associated with processing a person for confinement in Jail or assignment to a CCD program.
 - 1.3 "Booking Fee" means the fee incurred for booking City Jail Residents, as further described in Section 4 and Exhibit III, Section 2.
 - 1.4 "Business Day" means Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m., except holidays and County-designated furlough days.
 - 1.5 "City Detainee" means a person booked into or housed in a Secure Detention facility such as the Jail but also including any other Secure Detention facility not operated by or on behalf of the County, which individual would, if housed in the Jail, qualify as a City Jail Resident.
 - 1.6 "City Jail Resident" means a person booked into or housed in the Jail when a City charge is the principal basis for booking or confining that person.
 - A. A City charge is the principal basis for booking or confining a person where one or more of the following applies, whether pre-trial or post-trial. (See Exhibit I for further billable charge rules.):

- 1.6.1 The person is booked or confined by reason of committing or allegedly committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense within the City's jurisdiction, and:
 - 1.6.1.1 The case is referred to the City, through its City Attorney or contracted attorney, for a filing decision; or
 - 1.6.1.2 The case is referred to the City, through its City Attorney or contracted attorney, who then refers the case to the County Prosecutor for a filing decision per section 1.6.2; or
 - 1.6.1.3 The case is filed by the City, through its City Attorney or contracted attorney, whether filed under state law or city ordinance.
- 1.6.2 The person is booked or confined by reason of committing or allegedly committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense, whether filed under state law or city ordinance, within the City's jurisdiction and the case is referred by the City, through its City attorney or contracted attorney, to the County prosecutor and filed by the County prosecutor as a misdemeanor in district court due to a conflict or other reason but excluding a case filed in a regionally-funded mental health court as described in Section 1.6.10.
- 1.6.3 The person is booked or confined by reason of a Court warrant issued either by the City's Municipal Court or other court when acting as the City's Municipal Court;
- 1.6.4 The person is booked or confined by reason of a Court order issued either by the City's Municipal Court or other court when acting as the City's Municipal Court; or,
- 1.6.5 The person is booked or confined by reason of subsections 1.6.1 through 1.6.4 above in combination with charges, investigation of charges, and/or warrants of other governments, and the booking or confinement by reason of subsections 1.6.1 through 1.6.4 above is determined to be the most serious charge in accordance with Exhibit I.
- 1.6.6 The person has been booked or confined for reasons other than subsections 1.6.1 through 1.6.5 and would be released or transferred but for the City having requested that the County continue to confine the person.

B. A City charge is not the principal basis for confining a person where:

- 1.6.7 The person is booked or confined exclusively or in combination with other charges by reason of a felony charge or felony investigation.
- 1.6.8 The person is confined exclusively or in combination with other charges by reason of a felony charge or felony investigation that has been reduced to a State misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor.
- 1.6.9 The City has requested the transfer of the person to another jail facility not operated by King County and the County denies the request, unless one or more of the transfer exception criteria listed in Attachment I-2 are met, in which case the person remains a City Jail Resident. The billing status of the person will change to no longer be the City's responsibility effective the calendar day following the day that the County denies the transfer request. If the County thereafter determines that it no longer needs to detain the person and the person would as a result become a City Jail Resident, then the County will provide notice to the City that it will become billable for the Jail Resident. For details on notice and billing, see Attachment I-2.

1.6.10 The person is booked or confined by reason of committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense, whether filed under state law or city ordinance, within the City's jurisdiction and the case is referred by the City attorney or contracted attorney to the County prosecutor and filed by the County prosecutor as a misdemeanor in the mental health court (or successor) for so long as the operations of such court are substantially funded by special regional funds (for example, Mental Illness and Drug Dependency sales tax levy) or other regional funding as the County may determine. The County shall provide the City thirty (30) days Notification before changing the status of a regionally-funded mental health court to local funding status. The City is not billed for cases filed by the County prosecutor into mental health court prior to changing to local funding status.

1.7 "Community Corrections Programs" means programs designed as alternatives to, or as rehabilitation or treatment in lieu of, Secure Detention, operated by or on behalf of the King County Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention (DAJD) Community Corrections Division, or its successor. Upon the date of the execution of this Agreement, Community Corrections Programs include Electronic Home Detention and Community Center for Alternative Programs (CCAP).

1.8 "Continuity of Care Records" means a Jail Resident's diagnosis, list of current medications, treatments, PPD (tuberculosis screening test) results and scheduled appointments or follow-ups.

1.9 "Contract Cities" mean cities that are signatory to an agreement in substantially similar form to this Agreement. Contract Cities do not include cities who are a party to the 2012-2030 Agreement.

1.10 "Contract Cities Jail Residents" means all Contract Cities' City Jail Residents.

1.11 "County Jail Resident" means any Jail Resident that is not a City Jail Resident.

1.12 "DAJD" means the King County Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention or its successor agency.

1.13 "Fees and Charges" are the Fees and Charges imposed as described in Section 4 and Exhibit III.

1.14 "Force Majeure" means war, civil unrest, and any natural event outside of the party's reasonable control, including pandemic, fire, storm, flood, earthquake, or other act of nature.

1.15 "Jail Resident" means a person booked into or housed in the Jail.

1.16 The first "Jail Resident Day" means confinement for more than six (6) hours measured from the time such Jail Resident is first presented to and accepted by the Jail for housing in the Jail until the person is released, provided that an arrival on or after six (6) o'clock p.m. and continuing into the succeeding day shall be considered one day. The second and each subsequent Jail Resident Day means confinement for any portion of a calendar day after the first Jail Resident Day. For persons confined to the Jail for the purpose of mandatory Driving Under the Influence (DUI) sentences, "Jail Resident Day" means confinement in accordance with Exhibit II.

1.17 “Jail” means a place owned or operated by or under contract to the County primarily designed, staffed, and used for the housing, in full confinement, of adults charged or convicted of a criminal offense; for the punishment, correction, and rehabilitation of offenders charged or convicted of a criminal offense; for confinement during a criminal investigation or for civil detention to enforce a court order, all where such place is structured and operated to ensure such individuals remain on the premises 24-hours a day (excluding time for court appearances, court approved off-premises trips, or medical treatment). Jail Residents housed in the Jail are considered to be in Secure Detention as defined in Section 1.26. Upon the date of the execution of the Agreement, Jail includes the King County Correctional Facility and the detention facility at the Maleng Regional Justice Center.

1.18 “Maintenance Charge” is the daily housing charge incurred for City Jail Residents housed in Jail as further described in Section 4 and Exhibit III, Section 1.

1.19 “Medical Jail Resident” means a Jail Resident clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing the level of services provided in the Jail’s infirmary. If a Jail Resident is moved to the general population, then the Jail Resident is no longer considered a Medical Jail Resident.

1.20 “Notification” means provision of written alert, confirmation of information or request meeting the requirements of Section 11.11. In contrast, a “notice” means providing alert or confirmation of information or request in writing to the individuals identified in Section 11.11, or their designee (as may be specified through a formal Notification) through means less formal than required by Section 11.11, including but not limited to electronic mail or facsimile.

1.21 “Official Daily Population Count” is an official count of Jail Residents in the custody of the Jail made at a point in time in a 24-hour period for, among other purposes, security and population management. It is not used for billing purposes.

1.22 “Offsite Medical Care Charges” means those pass-through charges for treatment of a City Jail Resident where that Jail Resident is clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing services provided from offsite medical institutions, as further defined in Exhibit III Section 4. A Jail Resident may receive Offsite Medical Care that triggers an Offsite Medical Care Charge without being otherwise classified as a Medical Jail Resident or Psychiatric Jail Resident (e.g., some Jail Residents held in the general population receive offsite medical care that will result in Offsite Medical Care Charges being incurred).

1.23 “Psychiatric Jail Resident” means either an Acute Psychiatric Jail Resident or a Non-Acute Psychiatric Jail Resident, as defined below.

1.23.1 A “Non-Acute Psychiatric Jail Resident” is a Jail Resident clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing Psychiatric Care Services (as further described in Exhibit III and Attachment III-1) and housed outside the Jail’s acute psychiatric housing units.

1.23.2 An “Acute Psychiatric Jail Resident” is a Jail Resident clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing the level of services provided in the Jail’s acute psychiatric housing units (as further described in Exhibit III and Attachment III-1). If a Jail Resident is moved to housing outside the Jail’s acute psychiatric housing units, then the Jail Resident is no longer considered an Acute Psychiatric Jail Resident.

1.24 “Parties” mean the City and County, as parties to this Agreement.

1.25 “Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities” means the maximum total number of beds in Secure Detention in the Jail available on a daily basis to house Contract Cities Jail Residents in the aggregate. The Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities is based on the Official Daily Population Count and is established in Section 6.

1.26 “Secure Detention” refers to a facility structured and operated for the full confinement of City Detainees to ensure such individuals remain on the premises 24-hours a day (excluding time for court appearances, court approved off-premises trips, or medical treatment), such as the Jail but also including other similar facilities that the City may elect to house City Detainees. Secure Detention excludes City Jail Residents enrolled in Community Corrections Programs.

1.27 “Surcharge” means any of the following special charges, defined in Exhibit III, Section 3 and further described in Attachment III-1: Infirmary Care Surcharge; Psychiatric Care Surcharge; Acute Psychiatric Care Surcharge; and 1:1 Guarding Surcharge.

1.28 “2012-2030 Agreement” means the agreement executed by the County and the City of Seattle effective on January 1, 2012 together with any other interlocal agreement in substantially the same form of said agreement executed by the County and another city.

1.29 “Base Year” refers to the year in which the base fees, charges and surcharges are set.

2. Term. This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall extend through December 31, 2029. This Agreement shall supersede all previous contracts and agreements among the Parties relating to the Jail and any other jail services, except that any obligations contained in these previous contracts or agreements which expressly survived termination or expiration of these previous contracts or agreements shall remain in effect.

3. Jail and Health Services. The County shall accept City Jail Residents for confinement in the Jail, except as provided in Sections 5.4, and 6 of this Agreement. Additionally, the County is not obligated to accept a City Jail Resident for confinement in the Jail if the County has booking restrictions in place on the charge for which the City Jail Resident is proposed to be held. The County shall also furnish the City with Jail facilities; booking; transportation among facilities, as determined necessary in the County’s sole discretion, including the various Jail facilities, Harborview Medical Center and Western State Hospital; custodial services; and personnel for the confinement of City Jail Residents at least equal to those the County provides for confinement of County Jail Residents. However, the County reserves the right to operate specific programs and/or facilities exclusively for County Jail Residents or persons sentenced or assigned to Community Corrections Programs. The County shall furnish to City Jail Residents in Secure Detention all medical, dental, and other health care services required to be provided pursuant to federal or state law. Also, the County shall make every reasonable effort to release a City Jail Resident as expeditiously as possible after the County has received notice of a court order to

release. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to limit the County's right to refuse to accept City Detainees for confinement in Jail when they are deemed by the County to be in need of urgent medical or psychological care, nor to return custody of such Jail Residents back to the City if the City Detainee is admitted to the hospital or psychiatric facility.

4. **City Compensation.** The City will pay the County a Booking Fee, Maintenance Charge, Surcharges, and Offsite Medical Charges as follows (together with such other charges as may be applicable in accordance with this Agreement):

4.1 **Booking Fee.** The Booking Fee shall be assessed for the booking of City Jail Residents by or on behalf of the City into the Jail as further described in Exhibit III, Section 2. The Booking Fee will be inflated annually effective January 1, 2026 and each January 1 thereafter through the term of the agreement.

4.2 **Maintenance Charge.** The Maintenance Charge shall be assessed for a City Jail Resident for each Jail Resident Day as provided in Exhibit III, Subsection 1. The Maintenance Charge will be inflated effective January 1, 2026 and each January 1 thereafter through the term of the agreement.

4.2.1 The County will provide notice to the City after booking a City Jail Resident in order to give notice that the City Jail Resident has been booked and to provide the opportunity for release to the City if the City so desires. Such action will take place as soon as reasonably possible but no later than the next business day after booking. A City Jail Resident released within six hours of booking will result in no Maintenance Charges.

4.2.2 The County will provide notice to the City of the billing status of its Jail Residents for the prior calendar day in cases where confinement is the result of multiple warrants or sentences from two or more jurisdictions. As of the date of this Agreement, this notice is provided to the City once each business day when applicable. The intent of this program is to allow the City to take custody of a City Jail Resident if they so desire after the other jurisdictional warrants are resolved and thereby prevent unnecessary Maintenance Charges.

4.2.3 The Parties may amend the notice requirements of Sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 by administrative agreement signed by both the Chief Executive Officer of the City and the King County Executive.

4.3 **Access to and Charges for City Jail Resident Use of Community Corrections Programs.** The Parties agree to discuss in good faith the ability for the City to access Community Corrections Programs, and to negotiate charges for such access. Any agreement between the Parties with respect to access and charges for Community Corrections Programs shall be enacted through an amendment to this Agreement.

4.4 **Surcharges and Offsite Medical Charges.** In addition to the Booking Fee, Maintenance Charge, and any other charges agreed to per Section 4.3, the City will be charged for Offsite Medical Charges and Surcharges as detailed in Exhibit III, Section 3 and 4.

Proposed Notice of Certain Surcharges. The County intends to provide or make available to the City timely notice of occurrences when a City Jail Resident is admitted to Harborview Medical Center or other offsite medical institution or is receiving infirmary care or psychiatric care that will subject a City to Surcharges. Notice provided or made available will be based on information known to DAJD at the time (since billing status of a Jail

Resident may be changed retroactively based on new information or other factors). The County intends to provide or make available this notice within two (2) business days following the day in which the chargeable event occurs and will make good faith efforts to provide notice sooner if practicable. The County will make good faith efforts to try to institute a means to provide notice to the City within twenty-four (24) hours of the admittance of a City Jail Resident to Harborview Medical Center or other offsite medical institution. The County's failure to provide or make available notice or develop quicker means to provide notice to the City as detailed above shall not excuse the City from financial responsibility for related Offsite Medical Charges or Surcharges and shall not be a basis for imposing financial responsibility for related Offsite Medical Charges or Surcharges on the County.

5. Billing and Billing Dispute Resolution Procedures.

5.1 The County shall transmit billings to the City monthly. Within forty-five (45) days after receipt, the City shall pay the full amount billed or withhold a portion thereof and provide the County written notice meeting the requirements of Section 5.2.1, specifying the total amount withheld and the grounds for withholding such amount, together with payment of the remainder of the amount billed (if any amount remains). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the County shall bill the City for Offsite Medical Charges as such charges are periodically received by the County from third party medical institutions or other offsite medical providers. Offsite Medical Charges shall be due within such time and subject to such withholding and dispute resolution procedures as otherwise provided in this Section 5.

5.2 Withholding of any amount billed or alleging a violation related to billing provisions of this Agreement shall constitute a dispute, which shall be resolved as follows:

5.2.1 The County shall respond in writing to billing disputes within sixty (60) days of receipt of such disputes by the DAJD billing offices. To ensure the soonest start to the sixty (60)-day timeline, the City should electronically mail scanned billing disputes directly to the DAJD billing office, or by fax, or U.S. mail rather than to any other County office or officer. The DAJD billing office contact information as of the date of this Amendment is:

KC DAJD
DBISINFO.DAJD@kingcounty.gov
Attn: Finance – Jail Resident Billing
500 Fifth Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

5.2.2 In the event the parties are unable to resolve the dispute, either Party may pursue the dispute resolution mechanisms outlined in Section 9.

5.3 Any amount withheld from a billing, which is determined to be owed to the County pursuant to the dispute resolution procedure described herein, shall be paid by the City within thirty (30) days of the date of the resolution.

5.4 If the City fails to pay a billing within forty-five (45) days of receipt, the County will provide the City with a notice of its failure to pay and the City shall have ten (10) days from receipt of such notice to cure nonpayment. Any undisputed billing amount not paid by the City within sixty (60) days of receipt of the billing, and any amounts found to be owing to the County as a result of the billing dispute resolution procedure that are not paid

within thirty (30) days of resolution, shall be conclusively established as a lawful debt owed to the County by the City, shall be binding on the Parties, and shall not be subject to legal question either directly or collaterally. In the event the City fails to cure its nonpayment, the City shall be deemed to have voluntarily waived its right to house City Jail Residents in the Jail and, at the County's request, will remove City Jail Residents already housed in the Jail within thirty (30) days. Thereafter, the County, at its sole discretion, may accept no further City Jail Residents until all outstanding bills are paid. This provision shall not limit the City's ability to challenge or dispute any billings that have been paid by the City.

- 5.5 The County may charge an interest rate equal to the interest rate on the monthly County investment earnings on any undisputed billing amount not paid by the City within forty-five (45) days of receipt of the billing, and any amounts found to be owing to the County as a result of the billing dispute resolution procedure. Interest on amounts owed begin accruing on the forty-sixth (46) day after payment was due.
- 5.6 Each Party may examine the other's financial records to verify charges. If an examination reveals an improper charge, the next billing statement will be adjusted appropriately. Disputes on matters related to this Agreement which are revealed by an audit shall be resolved pursuant to Section 5.2.

6. Jail Capacity.

- 6.1 The Contract Cities may house Contract Cities Jail Residents in the Jail at an aggregate number, calculated based on the Jail's Official Daily Population Count, equal to or less than the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities established in Sections 6.1.1.
 - 6.1.1 The Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities in the aggregate is fifty (50) beds. These fifty (50) beds shall be available on a first-come, first-served basis measured at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count.
- 6.2 In the event the number of Contract Cities Jail Residents exceeds the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities described in Section 6.1, the County will notify the Contract Cities by phone or electronic mail. The County may then decide to continue to house Contract Cities Jail Residents in excess of the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities. Alternatively, the County may refuse to accept bookings from the City until such time as the aggregate number of Contract Cities Jail Residents is reduced below the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities. If the aggregate number of Contract Cities Jail Residents is reduced below the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities through removal of Contract Cities Jail Residents from the Jail, then the County will be obligated to accept new City bookings. The notice required by the first sentence of this Section 6.2, will be made to the person designated in Section 11.11 of this Agreement, and will inform the City whether the County intends to continue to house Contract Cities Jail Residents in excess of the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities described in Section 6.1, or whether the County will refuse to accept bookings from the City until such time as the aggregate number of Contract Cities Jail Residents is reduced below the Secure Bed Cap for Contract Cities described in Section 6.1.
- 6.3 At the end of the last day of this Agreement, the Contract City agrees to reduce the number of Contract City Jail Residents in the Jail to zero (0), with the exception that Jail Residents whose status has changed to Contract City Jail Resident, will not be included in the

calculation of the number of Contract City Jail Residents, if such individuals are removed from the Jail within seventy-two (72) hours of such change in status.

For the purpose of determining the number of Contract Cities Jail Residents only, and not for billing purposes, Jail Residents held on multiple warrants or sentences by the County which include one or more city warrants or sentences in addition to a County and/or state warrant or sentence, and Contract Cities Jail Residents that have been booked into the Jail and the Contract City has not been notified of such booking shall not be considered a Contract Cities Jail Resident. Also, Contract Cities Jail Residents housed in the Jail will not be considered Contract Cities Jail Residents for the purpose of determining the number of City Jail Residents.

- 6.4 The Jail's capacity limit for Medical Jail Residents is thirty (30). The Jail's capacity limit for Psychiatric Jail Residents is one-hundred-fifty-one (151). For the purpose of this Section the Medical and Psychiatric Jail Resident population will be determined following the definitions in Sections 1.21 and 1.25 at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count.
- 6.5 When the Jail has reached its capacity limit for either Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents as set forth in Section 6.4, the County will provide notice to the City by phone or electronic mail. Such notification will be made to the person designated in Section 11.11 of this Agreement. At the time this notification is made the County may request that the City take custody of a sufficient number of its Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents to reduce the number of Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents to the capacity limits detailed in Section 6.4, or the County may inform the City that the County is willing to continue to house these Jail Residents.
- 6.6 County requests under Section 6.5 will be made as follows. The billable city (under this Agreement or other jail service agreements between the County and cities that have identical provisions as this Section) with the Jail Resident most recently admitted as Medical or Psychiatric Jail Resident will be asked to take custody of that Jail Resident. This process will be repeated until such time as the Medical and Psychiatric populations are reduced below capacity limits, or the Jail is willing to house these Jail Residents.
- 6.7 If the County, pursuant to Sections 6.5 and 6.6, requests that the City take custody of Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents, the City shall comply with the County's request. The City shall take custody of its¹ Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents by picking them up no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the County's request. If the City has not picked-up the Medical or Psychiatric Jail Resident within twenty-four (24) hours of the County's request, the County shall deliver the Medical or Psychiatric Jail Resident to the City's designated drop-off location or backup location. In either case, the City's designee

¹ Within eight (8)-hours of the County's request notification, the City may provide the County with the names of other Medical Jail Residents to substitute for the Medical Jail Residents identified by the County for pick-up. In the event the City identifies substitute Medical Jail Residents that are City Jail Residents, the provisions of Section 6 will continue to apply. In the event the City identifies substitute Medical Jail Residents that are the responsibility of a different city (Substitute City) that is party to this Agreement or a jail services agreement with the King County containing these same provisions, and the Substitute City agrees to remove its Medical Jail Residents, then the Substitute City will be responsible for picking-up the substitute Medical Jail Residents within 24-hours of the County's initial request notification for pick-up. In the event the Substitute City fails to pick-up its Medical Jail Residents within 24-hours of the County's initial request notification to the City, the County may deliver the Medical Jail Residents named in the original request notification to the City's designated drop-off location or backup location. The procedures outlined in this footnote will also apply to Psychiatric Jail Residents.

must accept the Medical or Psychiatric Jail Resident from the County and must be available to do so seven (7) days a week, twenty-four (24) hours a day. In all cases, the County shall provide the receiving entity with Continuity of Care Records, in a sealed envelope, at the time custody is transferred. The City will ensure that the City and the receiving entity comply with all applicable confidentiality laws and rules. Similarly, the City will ensure that Continuity of Care Records are provided to the County at the time custody of a City Jail Resident receiving the level of care consistent with a Medical or Psychiatric Jail Resident is transferred to the County.

- 6.8 If the County, in its sole discretion, decides to transport Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents to the City's designated drop-off location or backup location within King County, Washington, the County will do so without charge. Should the County agree to a drop-off location or backup location outside of King County, Washington, the City will pay all transportation costs for Medical or Psychiatric Jail Residents taken to the designated drop off location or backup location. In no case will the County be obligated to transport a Medical or Psychiatric Jail Resident out-of-state.

7. Jail Planning.

- 7.1 Jail Planning. The County and the City recognize the value of sharing information about their respective Jail Resident populations and anticipated use of Secure Detention and alternative means of detention. The Parties agree to make good-faith efforts to share this information regularly. Furthermore, should the County begin planning for potential changes in jail space or models, the County will make good-faith efforts to provide notice to the City that such planning is underway, so that the City has an opportunity to participate in planning efforts.

8. Indemnification.

- 8.1 The County shall indemnify and hold harmless the City and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, from any, and all claims, actions, suits, liability, loss, costs, expenses, and damages of any nature whatsoever, by reason of or arising out of any negligent action or omission of the County, its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them. In the event that any suit based upon such a claim, action, loss, or damage is brought against the City, the County shall defend the same at its sole cost and expense; provided, that, the City retains the right to participate in said suit if any principle of governmental or public law is involved; and if final judgment be rendered against the City and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, or jointly against the City and the County and their respective officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, the County shall satisfy the same.
- 8.2 The City shall indemnify and hold harmless the County and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, from any, and all claims, actions, suits, liability, loss, costs, expenses, and damages of any nature whatsoever, by reason of or arising out of any negligent act or omission of the City, its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them. In the event that any suit based upon such a claim, action, loss, or damage is brought against the County, the City shall defend the same at its sole cost and expense; provided that the County retains the right to participate in said suit if any principle of governmental or public laws is involved; and if final judgment be rendered against the County, and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, or jointly against the County and the City and their respective officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, the City shall satisfy the same.
- 8.3 In executing this agreement, the County does not assume liability or responsibility for or

in any way release the City from any liability or responsibility, which arises in whole or in part from the existence or effect of City ordinances, rules, or regulations. If any cause, claim, suit, action or administrative proceeding is commenced in which the enforceability and/or validity of any such City ordinance, rule or regulation is at issue, the City shall defend the same at its sole expense and if judgment is entered or damages are awarded against the City, the County, or both, the City shall satisfy the same, including all chargeable costs and attorney's fees.

- 8.4 The terms of this Section 8 "Indemnification" shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement.
9. Dispute Resolution. In the event the Parties are unable to resolve a dispute, then either Party may pursue the dispute resolution provisions of this Section 9.
 - 9.1 Either Party may give Notification to the other in writing of a dispute involving the interpretation or execution of the Agreement. Within thirty (30) days of this Notification, the King County Executive and the Chief Executive Officer of the City, or their designees, shall meet to resolve the dispute. If the dispute is not resolved, then at the request of either Party it shall be referred to non-binding mediation. The mediator will be selected in the following manner: The City shall propose a mediator and the County shall propose a mediator; in the event the mediators are not the same person, the two proposed mediators shall select a third mediator who shall mediate the dispute. Alternately, the Parties may agree to select a mediator through a mediation service mutually acceptable to both Parties. The Parties shall share equally in the costs charged by the mediator or mediation service.
 - 9.2 Each party reserves the right to litigate any disputed issue in court, *de novo*.
10. Termination. Either Party may initiate a process to terminate this Agreement as follows:
 - 10.1 Ten (10)-Day Notification of Intent to Terminate. Any Party wishing to terminate this Agreement shall issue a written Notification of intent to terminate, not less than ten (10) days prior to issuing a ninety (90) day termination Notification under Section 10.2 of this Agreement. Upon receipt of the written Notification of intent to terminate, the parties will meet to confer on whether there are steps that the non-terminating party can take, in order to, avoid a ninety (90) day termination Notification notice under Section 10.2 of this Agreement.
 - 10.2 Ninety (90)-Day Termination Notification. After the ten (10) day period has run under Section 10.1 of this Agreement, the party desiring to terminate this Agreement may provide the other party ninety (90) days written termination Notification, as provided in RCW 70.48.090.
11. General Provisions.
 - 11.1 Other Facilities. This Agreement reserves in each party the power to establish a temporary holding facility during a pandemic, riot, civil disobedience or natural disaster, to establish group homes or other care or rehabilitation facilities in furtherance of a social service program, to temporarily transfer Jail Residents to alternative detention facilities in order to respond to Jail overcrowding, a public health directive, or to comply with a final order of a federal court or a state court of record for the care and treatment of Jail Residents.

11.2 Grants. Both Parties shall cooperate and assist each other toward procuring grants or financial assistance from the United States, the State of Washington, and private benefactors for the Jail, the care and rehabilitation of Jail Residents, and the reduction of costs of operating and maintaining Jail facilities.

11.3 Law Enforcement Intake Portal. The County offers the use of a web-based Subject Intake Portal via its LEA Jail Management System Portal. The tool allows law enforcement officers to log onto the system and enter all arrest, case/charge, victim, probable cause, and drug crime certificate information. This method is the County's preferred method of intake and booking. LEO User Access to the JMS Portal is managed by the LEA who must designate one, or more, Group Administrator(s) who will be responsible for creating, managing, and deleting its users via the County's Login.KC system.

11.4 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby.

11.5 Remedies. No waiver of any right under this Agreement shall be effective unless made in writing by the authorized representative of the party to be bound thereby. Failure to insist upon full performance on any one or several occasions does not constitute consent to or waiver of any later non-performance nor does payment of a billing or continued performance after Notification of a deficiency in performance constitute an acquiescence thereto. The Parties are entitled to all remedies in law or equity.

11.6 Exhibits. This Agreement consists of several pages plus the following attached exhibits, which are incorporated herein by reference as fully set forth:

Exhibit I	Method of Determining Billable Charge and Agency
Exhibit II	Exception to Billing Procedure
Exhibit III	Calculation of Fees, Charges and Surcharges

11.7 Not Binding on Future Agreements. This Agreement does not bind the Parties as to the terms, fees, or rate formulas to be included in any future jail services agreements.

11.8 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, including all exhibits and attachments hereto, represents the entire understanding of the Parties and supersedes any oral representations that are inconsistent with or modify its terms and conditions.

11.9 Modifications. The provisions of this Agreement may only be modified and amended with the mutual written consent of the King County Executive and the Chief Executive Officer of the City and the approval of their respective legislative bodies, excepting that, certain modifications to the notice requirements in Sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 as reflected in 4.2.3, and Attachment I-2 may be approved administratively by signature of both the Chief Executive Officer of the City and King County Executive as specified herein.

11.10 Force Majeure. In the event either party's performance of any of the provisions of this Agreement become impossible due to Force Majeure, that party will be excused from performing such obligations until such time as the Force Majeure event has ended and all facilities and operations have been repaired and/or restored.

11.11 Notifications. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, any Notification required to be provided under the terms of this Agreement, shall be delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested or by personal service to the following person:

For the City of XXX:

Or his/her successor, as may be designated by written Notification from the City to the County.

For the County:

Chief of Administration
Dept. of Adult and Juvenile Detention
500 Fifth Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

Or their successor, as may be designated by written Notification from the County to the City.

11.12 Council Approval. The Parties' obligations under this Agreement are subject to official City and County Council approval.

11.13 Filing. As provided by RCW 39.34.040, this Agreement shall be filed with the King County Department of Records and Elections.

11.14 Assignment/Subcontracting. The City may not assign or subcontract any portion of this Agreement or transfer or assign any claim arising pursuant to this Agreement.

11.15 No-Third Party Beneficiaries. There are no third-party beneficiaries to this Agreement. No person or entity other than a party to this Agreement shall have any rights hereunder or any authority to enforce its provisions, and any such rights or enforcement must be consistent with and subject to the terms of this Agreement.

11.16 Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement and any amendments thereto, shall be executed on behalf of each party by its duly authorized representative and pursuant to an appropriate motion, resolution, or ordinance. The Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original, but those counterparts will constitute one and the same instrument.

King County:

The City of XXX:

Director of Department of Adult and
Juvenile Detention

Deputy City Manager

Date

Date

Approved as to Form:

Approved as to Form:

King County

City Official

Date

Date

EXHIBIT I
Method of Determining Billable Charge and Agency

Process Overview

The application of all billing rules in conjunction with Section 1.6 of this Agreement comprises the method for determining the principal basis for booking or confining a person. The County's billing system examines all open and active charges and holds for each calendar day and applies the billing priority rules and tie breaker rules as set forth below. Then the billable agency is determined from the billable charge(s) or hold(s) and the application of exception rules, for example, the special DUI sentencing rule or the special six-hour rule.

Billing Priority Rules

The Billing Priority Group is determined in the following order:

1. Local felony charge(s)	A local felony charge is filed by the King County Prosecuting Attorney into a King County court.
2. Investigation holds from King County agencies or pursuant to a contract	An investigation hold is one that has been referred to the King County Prosecutor and includes King County investigation holds.
3. Department of Corrections (DOC) charge(s) pursuant to contract with DOC	Felony and misdemeanor charges adjudicated by DOC hearing examiner. Cases heard by a local court are considered local misdemeanors even if DOC is the originating agency.
4. Local misdemeanor charge(s) and city court appearance orders	Includes King County misdemeanors.
5. Other holds (contract and non- contract)	

Tie Breaker Rules

Tie breaker rules are applied in the following order to the Local Misdemeanor Priority Group (Number 4 above) when there are charges with multiple billable agencies. The first rule that applies determines the billable charge(s). The billable agency for the selected charge(s) is the billable agency.

1. Longest or only sentenced charge rule	This rule selects the charge(s) with an active sentenced charge or, if there is more than one active sentenced charge, the rule selects the charge with the longest imposed sentence length.
2. Earliest sentence rule	This rule selects the charge(s) with the earliest sentence start date.
3. Lowest sentence charge number rule	This rule selects the sentenced charge(s) with the lowest charge number as given in the DAJD booking system.
4. Arresting agency rule	This rule selects the charge(s) or hold(s) with a charge billable agency that matches the arresting agency for the booking.
5. Accumulated bail rule	This rule selects the agency with the highest total bail summed for all of the charge(s) and hold(s) for which the agency is the billable agency.
6. Lowest charge number rule	This rule selects the charge or hold with the lowest charge number as given in the DAJD booking system.

Attachment I-1: City and County Jail Charges Clarification

This document contains several examples consistent with Section 1.6 of this Agreement.

#	Situation	Jail Costs associated with these cases are:
1	Jail Resident booked by a city on a felony investigation, whose case is filed by the Prosecutor initially as a felony in Superior Court but subsequently amended to a misdemeanor charge (for evidentiary reasons, or entry into mental health court, or for other reasons)	County responsibility
2	Jail Resident booked by a city on a felony investigation and whose case is initially filed by the Prosecutor as a felony in District Court as part of a plea bargain effort (so called “expedited cases”)	County responsibility (including the expedited cases to be filed under the new Prosecutor Filing Standards).
3	Jail Resident booked by a city on a felony investigation, whose case is initially filed by the County Prosecutor as a misdemeanor in district court (i.e., mental health, domestic violence <u>or</u> in regular district court)	County responsibility
4	Jail Resident booked by a city on a felony investigation. The County prosecutor declines to file the case and refers it to a city prosecutor or law enforcement for any further action.	County responsibility prior to release of felony investigation by the County prosecutor; City responsibility from and after release of felony investigation
5	Misdemeanor or felony cases originated by state agencies (i.e., WSP)	County responsibility
6	Jail Residents booked by a city on a juvenile charge who are held in adult detention or become adults during the pendency of their charge or sentence.	County responsibility

Attachment I-2

Jail Resident Transfers: Transfer Request Exemption Criteria, Notice and Billing (Relating to Section 1.6.9)

- A. In the event of one or more of the following transfer exception criteria are met, a transfer may be denied by the County, in which case the person for whom the City has sought a transfer remains a City Jail Resident:
 - (1) Jail Resident has medical/health conditions/treatments preventing transfer.
 - (2) Transfer location refuses Jail Resident.
 - (3) Jail Resident refuses to be transported and poses a security risk.
 - (4) Jail Resident misses transport due to being at court or other location.
 - (5) City refuses to sign transfer paperwork requiring the City to arrange transportation for Jail Resident back to King County, if needed, when City sentence ends.
- B. If the County has refused a transfer request and thereafter determines that it no longer needs to detain the person and the person would as a result become a City Jail Resident, then the County will provide notice to the City that it will become billable for the Jail Resident. The City will not incur a Maintenance Charge on the day of notice. If the City transfers the Jail Resident during the six calendar days immediately following the day of notice, it will not incur a Maintenance Charge for the first calendar day following notice but will incur a Maintenance Charge for each subsequent calendar day until the Jail Resident is transferred. If the City does not transfer the Jail Resident from the Jail during this six-day period, the City is billable beginning the calendar day following the day of notice from the County.
- C. The terms of this Attachment I-2 may be amended by administrative agreement evidenced by execution in writing by the Chief Executive Officer of the City and King County Executive.

EXHIBIT II
Exception to Billing Procedure

For persons serving the one- and two-day commitments pursuant to the mandatory DUI sentence grid who report directly from the community to the Jail for incarceration, Jail Resident Day shall not be defined according to Section 1.16 of the Agreement. Instead, Jail Resident Day shall be defined as a twenty-four-hour period beginning at the time of booking. Any portion of a twenty-four-hour period shall be counted as a full Jail Resident Day. The number of days billed for each sentence shall not exceed the sentence lengths specified on the court commitment.

Two examples are provided for illustration:

Two-day sentence served on consecutive days:

John Doe	Booked 7/1/23 0700	Released 7/3/23 0700
	Number of Jail Resident days = 2	

Two-day sentence served on non-consecutive days:

John Doe	Booked 7/1/23 0700	Temporary Release 7/2/23 0700
	Return to Jail 7/8/23 0700 Number of Jail Resident days = 2	Released 7/9/23 0700

The Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention will apply this definition of Jail Resident Day to the City's direct DUI one and two-day Jail Residents by adjusting the City's monthly bill before it is sent to the City. If the changes are not made for some reason, the City will notify the Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention, which will make the necessary adjustments.

EXHIBIT III **Calculation of Fees, Charges and Surcharges**

Starting on the Effective Date of this Agreement, the City shall pay the fees, charges, and surcharges with such annual adjustments for inflation as described below. Starting on the Effective Date of this Agreement, the City shall also pay offsite medical care charges as detailed below

2025 is the Base Year for fees, charges, and surcharges and is the basis from which the fees, charges, and surcharges are to be annually adjusted by applying the inflators set forth in Subsection 5.a. of this Exhibit III.

1. MAINTENANCE CHARGE AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE CHARGE

The Maintenance Charge shall be calculated as described below.

- a. The **Maintenance Charge** starting **January 1, 2025**, and for the remainder of the calendar year 2025, **excluding** any adjustments for Capital Expenditure Charges, will be **\$XXX**. When combined with the Capital Expenditure Charges, the Maintenance Charge for calendar year 2025 is **\$XXX**. The Maintenance Charge shall be inflated in 2026 as described in Section 5, and annually thereafter throughout the term of the agreement. The City will not be charged a Maintenance Charge for a City Jail Resident where the Jail Resident has been offsite (e.g. housed outside of the Jail) for all twenty-four (24) hours of a Surcharge Day and subject to 1:1 Guarding Surcharge for the entirety of such twenty-four (24)-hour period.
- b. In addition to the annual adjustment to the Maintenance Charge described above, King County will increase the Maintenance Charge to capture the cost of **Capital Expenditures**. Capital Expenditures are defined as the cost of repairing and renovating current jail capacity and facilities and support and administrative facilities that benefit Jail operations. Additional Capital Expenditures will be included in the Maintenance Charge if such expenditures benefit City Jail Residents. Any Capital Expenditure that solely benefits County Jail Residents will not be charged to the City. Capital Expenditures do not include Jail Bed Expansion Projects. Capital Expenditures do not include Major Maintenance.
 - i. Capital Expenditures will be calculated in proportion to the square footage that benefits adult detention. Cities will be billed their proportionate share based on the total number of Jail Resident Days (as defined in Section 1.16). By August 15 of 2025, and each August 15 through 2028, DAJD will estimate the total number of Jail Resident Days for the following year and will provide notice to the City of the Capital Expenditure Charge to be included in the Maintenance Charge for the following year.
 - ii. Upon request of the City, the County shall provide its six (6)-year CIP and its six (6)-year major maintenance plan to the City. The County will provide a detailed line-item budget of each Capital Expenditure. If the City disputes that the Capital Expenditure benefits City Jail Residents or otherwise disputes the inclusion of the Capital Expenditure or any portion of the Capital Expenditures' budget in the maintenance fee, the matter will be resolved under the dispute resolution processes described herein. Capital Expenditures will not be charged to the City to the extent such Capital Expenditures are covered by federal grants, state grants, insurance proceeds, capital maintenance reserves or voter approved capital funding for jail related improvements.
 - iii. Capital Expenditures, if debt financed, shall begin being charged when debt service payments begin for the permanent financing of the Capital Expenditure and shall

continue until the end of the debt amortization unless the debt amortization is less than fifteen (15) years, in which case the charges to the City will be amortized over fifteen (15) years. If the Capital Expenditure is not debt financed, Capital Expenditure charges shall be based on actual expenditures. The County will make available documentation evidencing such expenditures.

- iv. Beginning January 1, 2025, and continuing through calendar year 2025, the Capital Expenditure Charge for ISP for the City is \$XXX and the Capital Expenditure Charge for the CSSP is \$XXX, for a combined total Capital Expenditure Charge of \$XXX to be added to the Maintenance Charge set forth in subparagraphs a and b above.

2. BOOKING FEE

- a. The booking fee shall be based on whether or not the City is using the County's Personal Recognizance (PR) screeners for individuals it brings to a County jail facility to be booked. The two booking fees starting January 1, 2025, and for the remainder of the calendar year 2025 will be initially set as follows:
 - i. The **Base Booking Fee** shall be \$XXX. This is the booking fee payable by Contract Cities that are **not** using the County's PR screeners. This Booking Fee shall include **XXX%** of the total Budgeted Jail Costs associated with booking (including Jail Health Intake Services); this percentage of booking costs to be included in the Booking Fee shall remain fixed through the term of this Agreement.
 - ii. The **Standard Booking Fee** shall be \$XXX. This is the booking fee payable by Contract Cities using the County's PR screeners. This booking fee is composed of the Base Booking Fee plus the fee associated with the County's PR screeners.
- b. If the City has a court order on file as of the Effective Date, confirming that the City and not the County will have authorization to provide PR screening for City Jail Residents, then the City will be qualified for the Base Booking Fee as of the Effective Date. To qualify for the Base Booking Fee in subsequent years, the City must either provide a court order no later than July 1 of the prior year, confirming that the City and not the County will have authorization to provide PR screening for City Jail Residents, or a previously issued court order must remain in effect. If an authorizing court order is revoked or expires and is not renewed, the City will no longer qualify for the Base Booking Fee.

The Booking Fee shall be inflated in 2026 and annually thereafter as described in Section 5 below.

3. SURCHARGES

In addition to payment of the Maintenance Charge and the Booking Fees, the City shall pay Surcharges associated with services provided to City Jail Residents as described below. The types of services provided to a Jail Resident associated with each Surcharge, and a general description of each Surcharge, is set forth in Attachment III-1.

The initial Surcharge amounts described in paragraphs (a) – (d) below shall apply from January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025, and shall be inflated for 2026 as described in Section 5 below, and annually each year thereafter.

- a. **Infirmary Care.** For Medical Jail Residents, the City shall pay an Infirmary Care Surcharge of \$XXX for each Surcharge Day.

- b. **Psychiatric Care.** For Non-Acute Psychiatric Jail Residents, the City shall pay a Psychiatric Care Surcharge of **XXX** for each Surcharge Day.
- c. **Acute Psychiatric Housing.** For Acute Psychiatric Jail Residents, the City shall pay an Acute Psychiatric Care Surcharge of **XXX** for each Surcharge Day.
 - i. The **Acute Psychiatric Surcharge** for each Surcharge Day shall be **XXX**
 - ii. The **Psychiatric Care Surcharge** for each Surcharge Day of **XXX** is added to the Acute Psychiatric Housing surcharge for a total Acute Psychiatric Care Surcharge of **XXX**.
- d. **1:1 Guarding Surcharge.** The 1:1 Guarding Surcharge is the charge imposed when the County dedicates an individual officer to guard a City Jail Resident. The Surcharge shall be **XXX** per guard *for each hour* or portion thereof, and as further described in Attachment III-1.
- e. A **Surcharge Day** is defined as a 24-hour period from midnight to midnight, or any portion thereof, in which a Jail Resident receives any of the services within the Surcharges listed in subparagraphs (a) – (c) above; *provided that* with respect to the Infirmary Care Surcharge, Psychiatric Care Surcharge and Acute Psychiatric Surcharge, a maximum of one (1) charge may be imposed within the twenty-four (24)-hour period for a single Jail Resident, and the charge imposed shall be the highest applicable charge. For example, if a Jail Resident is placed in Acute Psychiatric Care, released to the general population, and then again placed in Acute Psychiatric Care all within the same twenty-four (24)-hour period (midnight to midnight), a single Acute Psychiatric Care Surcharge will be imposed. Similarly, if a Jail Resident is placed in Acute Psychiatric Care and then in Non-Acute Psychiatric Care within the twenty-four (24)-hour midnight to midnight period, then a single Acute Psychiatric Care charge will be imposed.

4. OFFSITE MEDICAL CARE CHARGES

In addition to the Maintenance Charge, the Booking Fee, and the Surcharges detailed above, the City shall be responsible for payment of all Offsite Medical Care Charges incurred by a City Jail Resident.

5. INFLATORS AND RE-SETS OF FEES CHARGES, AND SURCHARGES

- a. **Inflators.** Beginning January 1, 2026, and effective every January 1 through the term of the agreement, all fees, charges, and surcharges, excluding: (1) Offsite Medical Care Charges and, (2) the Capital Expenditure Charge components of the Maintenance Charge, shall be inflated by the percentage rates described below.

Non-Medical Charges: The following fees and charges are subject to an annual inflator of the Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton CPI-W (covering the twelve (12)-month period ending in June) plus 1.5% but shall in no event be lower than 1.5%.:

- i. Maintenance Charge
- ii. Booking Fee
- iii. Acute Psychiatric Housing Surcharge
- iv. 1:1 Guarding

Medical Charges: The following fees and charges are subject to an annual inflator of the Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton CPI-W (covering the twelve (12)-month period ending in June) plus three (3) percent, but shall in no event be lower than three (3) percent:

- i. Infirmary Care Surcharge
- ii. Psychiatric Care Surcharge

- b. Final Fee, Charge and Surcharge Notice for Following Calendar Year. No later than August 15, the County will provide notice to the City of the final fees, charges and surcharges listed in this Subsection 5.a. reflecting the application of the June-June CPI index in the manner prescribed in Subsection 5.a above.
- c. Inflation Re-sets. Notwithstanding the terms of Subsections 5.a and 5.b to the contrary, in the event the Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton CPI-W (June-June) exceeds eight (8) percent then, as part of the August 15, final fee and charge notice, the County will include information demonstrating whether, based on factors affecting the DAJD Budgeted Jail Costs including but not limited to personnel costs, food, utilities and pharmaceuticals, the County's reasonably expected inflation experience for the DAJD Budgeted Jail Costs in the next calendar year (the "Expected Inflation Rate") is *less than or greater than* said CPI-W (June-June) rate. If the Expected Inflation Rate is lower than the CPI-W (June-June) rate, the County will apply the lower of the two rates to the fees and charges listed in this Subsection 5.c for the following calendar year.

Attachment III-1
Summary Description of Medical Cost Model Surcharges and Pass-Through Charges

	Surcharge	Description
1.	1:1 Guarding	Cost to guard a Jail Resident in a 1:1 situation. Most common occurrence is at hospital or at off-site medical appointments. If more than one guard is required, then the rate would be the multiple of guards.
2.	Acute Psychiatric Care (two components) – billed by location	
	a. Psychiatric Care Surcharge	Costs for Jail Health Services (JHS) treatment team for services listed below for Psychiatric Care.
	b. Acute Psychiatric Housing Surcharge	Costs for additional officer staffing for: 15-minute checks, assistance with feeding, emergency responses, escorts, and other necessary services to provide for a Jail Resident who poses a potential danger to him or herself.
3.	Psychiatric Care (one component)	
	a. Psychiatric Care Surcharge	Costs for JHS Psychiatric treatment team for services listed below for Psychiatric Care.
4.	Infirmary Care	Costs for JHS Infirmary care, services listed on reverse.

	Pass-Through Charge	Description
5.	Off-Site Medical Charges	Costs for Jail Residents to receive services from outside medical providers (services not available from JHS). Examples include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Hospital care ❖ Dialysis ❖ Cancer treatment (chemotherapy, radiation) ❖ Specialized transport to medical appointments (wheelchair bound Jail Residents)

JHS Psychiatric Care

Services Provided:	Criteria:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Psychiatric Treatment & Management ❖ Psychiatric Treatment Team Monitoring ❖ Medication Administration ❖ Mental Health Crisis Counseling ❖ Psychiatric Therapy Groups 	<i>Jail Residents with severe or unstable mental health conditions are placed in psychiatric housing units and receive a level of monitoring and care based on the acuity of their mental illness. Jail Residents in psychiatric housing are evaluated upon admission and then re-evaluated on a regular basis by a multi-disciplinary treatment team.</i>

JHS Infirmary Care

Services Provided:	Criteria:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ 24-hour Skilled Nursing Care ❖ Daily Provider Rounds ❖ Treatment and Management of Complex Disease States ❖ Medication Administration ❖ Activities of Daily Living Assistance ❖ Alcohol Detoxification 	<p><i>Jail Residents who meet diagnostic criteria that require 24-hour skilled nursing care are housed in the KCCF Infirmary. Examples include but are not limited to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ <i>Patients requiring medical detoxification/withdrawal management;</i> ❖ <i>Individuals with non-stable medical conditions such as: need for kidney dialysis, wired jaws, newly started on blood thinning medication;</i> ❖ <i>Individuals who are mobility impaired and/or not independent in activities of daily living;</i> ❖ <i>Individuals requiring IV therapy or with central lines in place;</i> ❖ <i>Individuals who are acutely ill, post-surgical, who require convalescent care, and those with conditions requiring extensive treatment and frequent monitoring; and</i> ❖ <i>Individuals with severe respiratory problems requiring nebulizer treatments, oxygen and close observation.</i> <p><i>Jail Residents are formally admitted to infirmary care following assessment by a physician or nurse practitioner and then monitored daily by provider and nursing staff. Discharge from the infirmary occurs either at the time of release from jail or as the patient's condition improves and can be safely managed in general population housing. Some individuals remain in infirmary care for the duration of their incarceration.</i></p>



King County

Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention

Directors Office
500 Fifth Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

September 30, 2024

City of Lake Forest Park
17425 Ballinger Way NE
Lake Forest Park, WA 98155

On December 31, the term of the Interlocal Agreement for Jail Services between King County and your city will end. Our Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention (DAJD) has created a new Jail Services Agreement (JSA) template, which the County Executive has approved and transmitted for approval by the King County Council.

The proposed new JSA is substantially similar to the agreement that expires this year. DAJD is proposing a five-year term. While the King County Council has final authority on the proposed template, we have collaborated with Council staff on preliminary reviews and are not anticipating significant changes to the draft version attached to this letter. DAJD will reach out to you directly for signature on a new JSA once approved.

Should the proposed JSA be approved by Council, DAJD will apply the same annual inflator used in the current contract to create the 2025 rates. **The following are the proposed rates effective January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.**

Other Cities	2024 Base Rate ¹	Annual Increase ²	Est. CPI W ²	Base Rate Before Debt Svc.	ISP ³	2025 Final Rate
Daily Maintenance	\$259.14	1.50%	4.00%	\$273.39	\$5.21	\$278.60
Booking - Standard	\$277.99	1.50%	4.00%	\$293.28	\$-	\$293.28
Booking - Reduced	\$189.39	1.50%	4.00%	\$199.81	\$-	\$199.81
Psych Unit (Acute + Psych Other)	\$450.98	1.50%	4.00%	\$478.34	\$-	\$478.34
Acute Psych Housing	\$322.78	1.50%	4.00%	\$340.53	\$-	\$340.53
Psych Other⁴	\$128.20	3.00%	4.00%	\$137.81	\$-	\$137.81
Infirmary	\$418.16	3.00%	4.00%	\$447.43	\$-	\$447.43
1 on 1 Guarding Hrly	\$92.52	1.50%	4.00%	\$97.60	\$-	\$97.60

¹Prior years base rate, before the inclusion of the Courthouse Seismic Stabilization Project (CSSP) and Integrated Security Project (ISP) fees.

²Exhibit III Section 5 Inflators and Re-Sets of Fees and Charges.

³Exhibit III Section 1, Maintenance Charge and Capital Expenditure Charge.

⁴Acute Psychiatric Care (Psych Unit) is comprised of the Acute Psychiatric Housing Surcharge and the Psych Other Surcharge.

The Exhibit III Calculation of Fees, Charges and Surcharges, in the JSA specifies the fees, charges and surcharges as well as the Offsite Medical Charges, that the City shall pay. In 2025, the debt service for the Integrated Security Project (ISP) is \$5.21.

Please call me at 206-263-2769 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Diana Joy

Diana Joy
Chief of Administration
King County Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention

Attachment: Proposed 2025 Jail Services Agreement

cc: Tami Schackman, DAJD Chief Financial Officer
Ladna Farah, DAJD Budget and Finance Manager
Kayleen Keating, DAJD Fiscal Specialist